TOWNSHIP OF MINDEN, SANILAC COUNTY, MICHIGAN

Report of Financial Statements March 31, 2004 Michigan Dept. of Treasury, Local Audit & Finance Division 496 (3-98), Formerly L-3147

AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Street Address

15 E Frank St.

Accountant Signature

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RECEIVED DEPT. OF TREASURY	
JUN 2 4 2004	

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.	1	LOCAL AUDIT & F	NANCE DIV.
Local Government Type City Township Village Other Local Government Name Township of N	nindan	County	nilac
Audit Date Opinion Date Date Accountant Report	T Submitted to S		MIAC
	3, 2004		
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government an prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accountin Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units Department of Treasury.	ng Standards	Board (GASB)	and the Uniform
We affirm that:			
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Govern	nment in Mich	nigan as revised.	
2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.			
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the fithe report of comments and recommendations	inancial stater	ments, including	the notes, or in
You must check the applicable box for each item below.			
yes 💹 no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local units/fun	it are exclude	d from the finan	cial statements
yes one or more of the earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).	his unit's unr	eserved fund b	alances/retained
yes on 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Unifo 1968, as amended).	rm Accountin	ig and Budgetin	ng Act (P.A. 2 c
yes or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emerg	order issued (jency Municip	under the Munic al Loan Act.	ipal Finance Ad
yes of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982,	comply with as amended	statutory require [MCL 38.1132])	ements. (P.A. 20
yes 📈 no 6. The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revunit.	venues that w	ere collected for	ranother taxing
yes on 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current ye the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost during the year).	ar. If the plan	is more than 10	00% funded and
yes 🔀 no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an 1995 (MCL 129.241).	applicable p	olicy as required	d by P.A. 266 of
\square yes \square no 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as re	equired by P.	A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).
We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.			X
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).			X
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).			X
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Anderson, Tuckey, Bernhardt & Doran,	P.C.		

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ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Gary R. Anderson, CPA Jerry J. Bernhardt, CPA Thomas B. Doran, CPA Robert L. Tuckey, CPA Valcrie Jamieson Hartel, CPA Jamie L. Peasley, CPA

May 25, 2004

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S

Township of Minden Sanilac County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Township of Minden as of March 31, 2004 and for the year then ended. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of Minden Township management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion about these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing principles. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township of Minden as of March 31, 2004 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of individual funds listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of Minden Township. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

anderson, Tuckey, Remlandt & Down, P.C.

ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combined Balance Sheet -All Fund Types & Account Groups March 31, 2004

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES		ACCOUNT GROUP		TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	FI	IERAL XED SETS	REPOR	TING ENTITY 2004
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash on hand & in bank Fixed Assets	\$ 90,371	\$ 66,752	\$	6,674	\$	157,123 6,67 <u>4</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 90,371	\$ 66,752	\$	6,674	\$	163,797
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
LIABILITIES						
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>					<u>-</u>
FUND EQUITY:						
Undesignated Funds Designated Funds Investment in general fixed assets	\$ 90,371	\$ 66,752	\$	6,674	\$	90,371 66,752 6,674
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	90,371	66,752		6,674		163,797
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	\$ 90,371	\$ 66,752	\$	6,674	\$	163,797

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - All Governmental Fund Types for the Year Ended March 31, 2004

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY) MARCH 31, 2004
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 17,477	\$ 52,876	\$ 70,353
Intergovernmental	28,520		28,520
Charges for services	200		200
Other revenues	2,998_	648	3,646
TOTAL REVENUES	49,195	53,524	102,719
EXPENDITURES:			
Legislative	1,817		1,817
General government	34,839		34,839
Public safety	1,340	24,324	25,664
Public works, road maintenance, and utilities	5,695_	26,339	32,034
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	43,691	50,663	94,354
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	5,504	2,861	8,365
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	84,867	63,891	148,758
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 90,371	\$ 66,752	\$ 157, <u>123</u>

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue Funds for the Year Ended March 31, 2004

		GENERAL FUND	
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:			
Taxes			
Property taxes	\$ 14,300	\$ 13,698	\$ (602)
Penalties and fees on tax collections	3,600	3,779	179
Intergovernmental	28,000	28,520	520
Charges for services			
Ditch digging			-
Land division	100	200	100
Other revenues			
Interest	1,200	939	(261)
Miscellaneous	2,145	2,059	(86)
TOTAL REVENUES	49,345	49,195	(150)
EXPENDITURES:			
Legislative	1,900	1,817	83
General government:			
Chief Executive	3,915	3,850	65
Treasurer	7,800	7,742	58
Assessing Equalization	5,800	5,746	54
Clerk	5,500	5,450	50
Elections	1,000	491	509
Finance and tax administration	2,500	748	1,752
Community planning and development	200	70	130
Building and grounds	200	200	-
All other general government	13,435	8,911	4,524
Deferred compensation	1,700		69
Public safety:	-	·	
Combined public safety department	1,895	1,200	695
Zoning, inspection and other safety activities	1,000		860
Public works:	•		
Road building and graveling	-	_	-
Sanitation and solid waste	5,700	5,695	5
Road brining	-	_	-
Ditch excavating and brush cutting	-	_	-
Electric utilities			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	52,545	43,691	8,854
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	•	·	
EXPENDITURES	(3,200	5,504	8,704
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	84,867	84,867	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 81,667	\$ 90,371	\$ 8,704

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

TOTAL (MEMORANDUM ONLY)

BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
\$ 58,705	\$ 52,876	\$ (5,829)	\$ 73,005 3,600 28,000	\$ 66,574 3,779 28,520	\$ (6,431) 179 520
300	-	(300)	300 100	200	(300) 100
840 	648	(192)	2,040 2,145	1,587 2,059	(453) (86)
59,845	53,524	(6,321)	109,190	102,719	(6,471)
			1,900	1,817	83
\$ 28,000 35,050 9,000 4,050	\$ 24,324 21,066 3,656 1,617	\$ 3,676 13,984 5,344 2,433	3,915 7,800 5,800 5,500 1,000 2,500 200 200 13,435 1,700 1,895 29,000 35,050 5,700 9,000 4,050	3,850 7,742 5,746 5,450 491 748 70 200 8,911 1,631 1,200 24,464 21,066 5,695 3,656 1,617	65 58 54 50 509 1,752 130 - 4,524 69 695 4,536 13,984 5 5,344 2,433
100		100	100		100
76,200	50,663	25,537	128,745	94,354	34,391
(16,355)	2,861	19,216	(19,555)	8,365	27,920_
63,891	63,891	<u> </u>	148,758_	148,758	
\$ 47,536	\$ 66,752	\$ 19,216	\$ 129,203	\$ 157,123	\$ 27,920

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS & FUND TYPES:

The Township of Minden, Michigan covers an area of approximately 36 square miles within Sanilac County. The Township operates under an elected township board and is a general law township. The Township provides many services to its residents, including public works, public safety, community enrichment, development, and human services.

The financial statements of the Township of Minden have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principals (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY:

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP, currently GASB Statement #14 "The Financial Reporting Entity."

Based upon the application of these criteria, the general purpose financial statements of the Township of Minden contain all the funds and account groups controlled by the Township's Board as no other entity meets the criteria to be considered a blended component unit or a discretely presented component of the Township nor is the Township a component unit of another entity.

B. FUND ACCOUNTING:

The government uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

B. FUND ACCOUNTING, (Continued):

ACCOUNT GROUPS – are used to account for fixed assets and long-term liabilities that are not reported in the respective governmental funds.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increase (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decrease (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e. net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increased (i.e. revenues) and decrease (i.e. expenses) in net total assets.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, federal and state grants, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines, permits and sales tax and other state revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits. Investments included instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Investments are carried at fair market value.

State statutes authorized the Township to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance; Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase and not totaling more than 40% of any fund at any time. The Township is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government of federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptance of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

F. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for taxes and customers charges. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary and credit risk is minimal because of the large number of customers and the authority of the Township to add receivables to the tax rolls, which are secured by the underlying property.

G. FIXED ASSETS:

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All purchased fixed assets are valued to cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are value at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Fixed assets purchased within the proprietary funds and the non-expendable trust fund are reported as assets within those funds an accordingly, are included on their balance sheet.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

H. FUND EQUITY:

The undesignated fund balances represent the amount available for budgeting future operations. Designated balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements
March 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

I. MEMORANDUM ONLY – TOTAL COLUMNS:

The total columns on the combined statements are captioned memorandum only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

J. ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS:

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2003	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2004
Equipment	\$6, <u>674</u>	\$	\$	<u>\$6,674</u>
TOTAL	\$6,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$6,674

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash and investments are held separately by each of the Township's funds.

DEPOSITS:

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$157,123 and the bank balance was \$157,123 all of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

Deposits are carried at cost. Deposits of the Township are at banks in the name of the Township Treasurer.

The U.S. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 3 risk disclosures for cash deposits are as follows:

	<u>CARRYING AMOUNT</u>		
	UNRESTRICTED ASSETS	RESTRICTED ASSETS	
Cash checking	<u>\$157,123</u>	NONE	
TOTAL	\$157,123	NONE	

All deposits are uncollateralized and insured.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2004

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (Continued):

INVESTMENTS:

The Township's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township at year-end. Category I includes investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the Township's or the Township's agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterpart's trust department or its agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counter-party, or by its trust department or its agent but not in the Township's name. At March 31, 2004, the Township had no Category 2 or 3 investments.

NOTE 4 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS:

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Budgetary procedures are established pursuant to Act 621 PA 1978, as amended, which
 requires the Township Board to approve a budget for the Township. Pursuant to the act, the
 Township supervisor prepares and submits a proposed operating budget. This operating
 budget includes projected expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Board of Trustees must approve any revisions of the budget.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- 6. Budgets for general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were amended.
- 7. The budget is prepared by fund and function and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budget at the function level.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX REVENUE:

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county, intermediate school district and school districts. All tax collections are accounted for in the tax collection fund, an agency fund. Township tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year that includes the December 1 levy date. In addition, the Township collected the State Education Tax that was levied July 1 and due September 15.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2004

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above-described activities. For insured programs, there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2004

	CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND			
	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2003	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2004
ASSETS				
Cash		<u>\$ 456,011</u>	<u>\$ 456,011</u>	<u>\$</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 456,011</u>	<u>\$ 456,011</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES				
Due to other funds - other units	\$ -	\$ 456,011	\$ 456,011	\$ -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	\$ 456,011	\$ 456,011	\$